Rezafungin Activity against Candidemia isolates collected from European medical centres (2019–2021)

Cecilia Carvalhaes, Paul Rhomberg, Abby Klauer, Beth Hatch, Mariana Castanheira

JMI Laboratories, North Liberty, Iowa, USA



ECCMID 2023

#P509

SCAN ME

INTRODUCTION

- Rezafungin is a once weekly echinocandin with a long half-life and front-loaded drug exposure recently approved for the treatment of candidemia and invasive candidiasis by the US FDA.
- Rezafungin is currently under review by the European Medicines Agency and the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) in the UK.
- We evaluated the in vitro activity of rezafungin, caspofungin, micafungin, anidulafungin, and fluconazole against a contemporaneous collection of Candida spp. causing bloodstream infection in Europe.

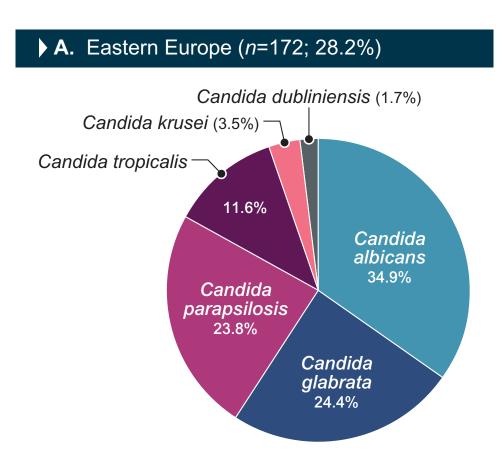
MATERIALS AND METHODS

- A total of 610 isolates were collected (1/patient) in 2019–2021 from 18 medical centres located in Western Europe (W-EU; n=438; 14 centres) and Eastern Europe (E-EU; n=172; 4 centres; Figure 1).
- Isolates were identified by MALDI-TOF MS and/or sequencing and tested by CLSI broth microdilution.
- CLSI breakpoints (2022) were applied, including rezafungin susceptible-only provisional breakpoints for the main Candida species.
- Rezafungin-nonsusceptible isolates were submitted to FKS sequencing by whole genome sequencing.

RESULTS

- Isolates included Candida albicans (261 isolates), Candida parapsilosis (134), Candida glabrata (121), Candida tropicalis (67), Candida krusei (20), and Candida dubliniensis (7).
- Figure 1 lists the Candida species distribution in Eastern and Western Europe.
- Rezafungin had similar activity to the other echinocandins against C. albicans (98.9–100.0%S), C. glabrata (97.6–100.0%S), C. parapsilosis (100.0%S; except anidulafungin, 89.2–95.1%S), C. tropicalis (100.0%S), C. krusei (100.0%S), and C. dubliniensis (MIC $_{50}$ range, 0.015–0.12 mg/L), regardless of the region or year (Figure 2, Tables 1 and 2).
- Fluconazole was active against C. albicans (100.0%S) and C. tropicalis (100.0%S), regardless of the region or year.
- Fluconazole resistance rates against C. parapsilosis isolates were 31.2%/17.1% from W-EU/E-EU and 18.9%/27.5%/31.6% for C. parapsilosis isolates from 2019/2020/2021, respectively.
- Fluconazole resistance rates against C. glabrata isolates were 6.3%/2.4% from W-EU/E-EU and 10.3%/4.4%/2.1% in 2019/2020/2021, respectively.

Figure 1. Candida species distribution recovered from bloodstream infection in Eastern and Western Europe



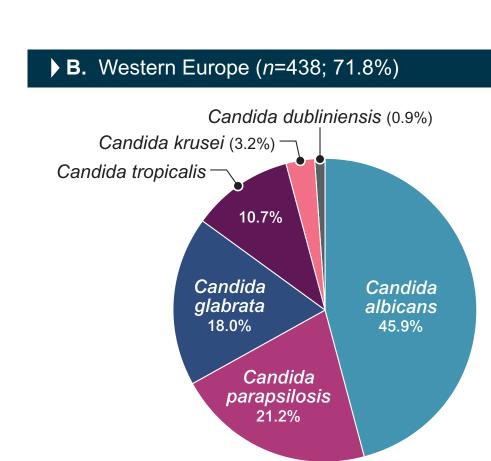
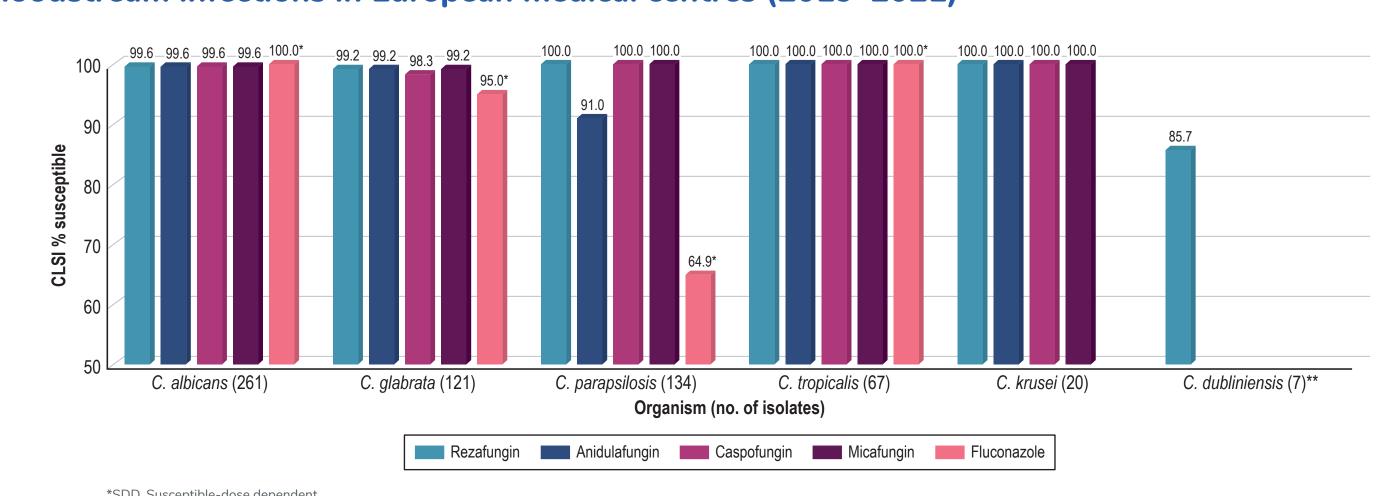


Figure 2. Activity of rezafungin and comparator agents against 610 Candida spp. isolates causing bloodstream infections in European medical centres (2019–2021)



- **No CLSI breakpoints are published for anidulafungin, caspofungin, or micafungin against C. dubliniensis.
- Rezafungin inhibited all but 3 Candida spp. isolates at the susceptible breakpoint for each species.
- One C. albicans carrying an S645P alteration in Fks1 (Germany) and 1 C. glabrata carrying an S663P alteration in Fks2 (Spain) were nonsusceptible to rezafungin.
 - Rezafungin-nonsusceptible C. albicans (MIC, 0.5 mg/L) and C. glabrata (MIC, 2 mg/L) strains were resistant to the other echinocandins (MIC range, 1->4 mg/L)
 - One C. dubliniensis (Germany) isolate was also nonsusceptible to rezafungin (MIC, 0.25 mg/L) but no FKS gene mutations were observed. Caspofungin, anidulafungin, and micafungin MIC values were 0.25 mg/L, 0.12 mg/L, and 0.12 mg/L, respectively.

CONCLUSIONS

- Rezafungin was very active against C. albicans, C. glabrata, C. parapsilosis, C. tropicalis, C. krusei, and C. dubliniensis causing candidemia in European medical centres.
- Echinocandins, including rezafungin, displayed similar activity against different Candida species.
- Rezafungin and all other echinocandin susceptibility rates were stable over the 3-year period.
- Notably, fluconazole-resistant rates progressively increased against C. parapsilosis and decreased against C. glabrata.

CONTACT

Cecilia Carvalhaes, MD, PhD, D(ABMM)
JMI Laboratories
345 Beaver Kreek Centre, Suite A
North Liberty, IA 52317
Phone: (319) 665-3370
Fax: (319) 665-3371
Email: cecilia-carvalhaes@jmilabs.com

Table 1. Activity of rezafungin and comparator agents against candidemia isolates in Western and Eastern Europe (2019–2021)

Organism (no. of isolates from W-EU/E-EU)	MIC ₅₀ /MIC ₉₀ (mg/L); CLSI %S									
	W-EU					E-EU				
	RZF	ANF	CSF	MCF	FLC	RZF	ANF	CSF	MCF	FLC
C. albicans (201/60)	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	0.015/0.03	0.12/0.25	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	0.015/0.015	0.12/0.25
	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	100*	100	100	100	100	100*
C. glabrata (79/42)	0.06/0.06	0.06/0.12	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	4/8	0.06/0.06	0.06/0.12	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	4/8
	98.7	98.7	98.7	98.7	93.7*	100	100	97.6	100	97.6*
C. parapsilosis (93/41)	1/1	2/4	0.25/0.5	1/1	0.5/64	1/1	2/2	0.25/0.5	1/1	0.5/8
	100	89.2	100	100	67.7*	100	95.1	100	100	58.5*
C. tropicalis (47/20)	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	0.03/0.06	0.25/1	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.06	0.015/0.06	0.5/0.5
	100	100	100	100	100*	100	100	100	100	100*
C. dubliniensis (4/3)	0.03/-	0.03/-	0.015/-	0.015/-	0.25/-	0.06/-	0.12/-	0.03/-	0.03/-	0.25/-
	75	NA	NA	NA	NA	100	NA	NA	NA	NA
C. krusei (14/6)	0.03/0.06	0.06/0.12	0.06/0.12	0.06/0.12	32/32	0.03/-	0.06/-	0.06/-	0.06/-	32/-
	100	100	100	100	NA	100	100	100	100	NA

*SDD, susceptible-dose dependent; S, susceptible; RZF, rezafungin; ANF, anidulafungin; CSF, caspofungin; HCC, fluconazole; NA, not available. "-", MIC₉₀ not calculated due to the low number of isolates (<10 isolates)

Table 2. Activity of rezafungin and comparator agents against candidemia isolates by study year.

O	Year (no. of	MIC ₅₀ /MIC ₉₀ (mg/L); CLSI %S						
Organism	isolates)	RZF	ANF	CSF	MCF	FLC		
C. albicans	2019 (78)	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	0.015/0.03	0.12/0.25		
		100	100	100	100	100*		
	2020 (89)	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	0.015/0.015	0.12/0.25		
		100	100	100	100	100*		
	2021 (94)	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	0.015/0.015	0.12/0.25		
		98.9	98.9	98.9	98.9	100*		
C. glabrata	2019 (29)	0.06/0.06	0.06/0.12	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	4/64		
		98.7	98.7	98.7	98.7	89.7*		
	2020 (45)	0.06/0.06	0.06/0.12	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	4/8		
		100	100	97.6	100	95.6*		
	2021 (47)	0.06/0.06	0.06/0.12	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.03	4/8		
		100	100	97.6	100	97.9*		
C. parapsilosis	2019 (37)	1/2	2/4	0.25/0.5	1/1	0.5/64		
		100	89.2	100	100	70.3*		
	2020 (40)	1/1	2/2	0.25/0.5	1/1	0.5/64		
	2020 (40)	100	95	100	100	72.5*		
	2021 (57)	1/1	2/4	0.25/0.5	1/1	2/64		
		100	89.5	100	100	56.1*		

	Year (no. of	MIC ₅₀ /MIC ₉₀ (mg/L); CLSI %S						
Organism	isolates)	RZF	ANF	CSF	MCF	FLC		
C. tropicalis	2019 (23)	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.25/0.5		
		100	100	100	100	100*		
	2020 (18)	0.03/0.06	0.015/0.12	0.015/0.03	0.015/0.03	0.5/1		
		100	100	100	100	100*		
	2021 (26)	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.06	0.03/0.03	0.03/0.03	0.25/0.5		
		100	100	100	100	100*		
C. dubliniensis	2019 (0)	<u> </u>	<u>—</u>			_		
		<u> </u>	_	_		<u> </u>		
	2020 (5)	0.03/—	0.06/—	0.015/—	0.015/—	0.25/—		
		100	NA	NA	NA	NA		
	2021 (2)	0.03/—	0.03/—	0.03/—	0.015/—	0.06/—		
		50	NA	NA	NA	NA		
C. krusei	2019 (7)	0.03/—	0.06/—	0.06/—	0.06/—	32/—		
		100	100	100	100	NA		
	2020 (8)	0.03/—	0.06/—	0.06/—	0.06/—	32/—		
		100	100	100	100	NA		
	2021 (5)	0.03/—	0.06/—	0.12/—	0.12/—	32/—		
	2021 (5)	100	100	100	100	NA		

*SDD, susceptible-dose dependent; S, susceptible; RZF, rezafungin; ANF, anidulafungin; CSF, caspofungin; MCF, micafungin; FLC, fluconazole; NA, not available. "—", MIC₉₀ not calculated due to the low number of isolates (<10 isolates).

Acknowledgements

This project was supported by Mundipharma Research Limited. CG Carvalhaes, PR Rhomberg, A Klauer, B Hatch, and M Castanheira are employees of JMI Laboratories, which was a paid consultant to Mundipharma Research Limited in connection with the development of this poster.

References

CLSI (2017). M27Ed4. Reference method for broth dilution antifungal susceptibility testing of filamentous fungi. Wayne, PA.

CLSI (2022). M27M44SEd3. Performance standards for antifungal susceptibility testing of yeasts. Wayne, PA.

Garcia-Effron G. Rezafungin-Mechanisms of Action, Susceptibility and Resistance: Similarities and Differences with the Other Echinocandins. J Fungi (Basel). 2020 Nov 1;6(4):262. Ham YY, Lewis JS 2nd, Thompson GR 3rd. Rezafungin: a novel antifungal for the treatment of invasive candidiasis. Future Microbiol. 2021 Jan;16(1):27-36.